

## DF-10GOEO-I

## Industrial 1G/10G SFP+ to SFP+ OEO Converter (3R Repeater)

## **Description**

DF-10GOEO-I series Industrial 10G OEO Converter is a connection between fiber to fiber 10Gbps equipment function as fiber media converter, or as fiber repeater for long distance transmission in harsh environment at operating temperature -40~ 75°C.

It is for network backbone (SAN, LAN, MAN)
application. Support SDH/SONET STM-64/OC-192, 10G
fiber channel, 10G Ethernet, which can be applied in R&D
laboratory, data center, telecommunication room. It
supports optical wavelength conversion

1310nm/1550nm/CWDM/DWDM with Loop-back.



When only connecting the copper and fiber port, it can be connection between fiber to copper 1Gbps Ethernet equipment function as fiber-to-copper media converter for long distance transmission up to 120km.

#### **Main Features**

- Transparent Transport and very low delay
- > 3R function (Regeneration, Reshaping, Re-timing)
- > Support hot plugging, full state led display, easy installation
- > Support ITUT prescribed DWDM/CWDM wavelength, and can also display it's DDM function
- Support Loop-back and Jumbo Frame
- > DIP Switch supports 1.25G/10G fiber data rate switching
- > Can be as 1G Ethernet Media Converter if using Ethernet



#### **Industrial Case and Installation**

- > IP40 Aluminium case, Fanless design
- > 12-48V DC redundant power with reverse polarity protection
- > DIN-rail and wall mount installation
- > -40 to +75℃ operating temperature

#### **Technical Indexes**

Performance Data	Technical Indexes
Equipment function	3R Repeater
Transmission Speed	10G: 8.5Gb/s-11.7Gb/s
	8.5G Fiber Channel
	SONET OC-192, SDH STM-64 (9.95Gbps)
	10G WAN (10Gbps)
Protocols	10G LAN (10.31Gbps)
	OTN OTU-2 (G.709) (10.70Gbps)
	10G LAN with 255/237 FEC coding (11.09Gbps)
	10G Fiber Channel (11.32Gbps)
	10G POS
Interface Type	SFP+ to SFP+
Transmission Distance	SFP+ module: up to 80km
Maximum Packet	
Forwarding Rate	14,880,950/S
Operating Temperature	-40°C to 75°C
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 85°C
Relative Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing



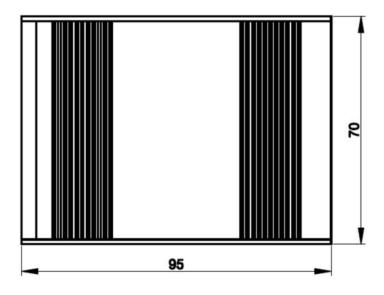
	> 200,000 hrs
Ethernet Media Converter S	pecifications
	IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T
	IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX
Standards	IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T
	IEEE 802.3z, 1000BASE-SX/LX
	IEEE 802.3x Full-duplex flow control
Work Mode	10/100/1000BASE-T to 1000BASE-SX/LX
Port Type	SFP to RJ45
	Twisted-pair
	10BASE-T: 2-pair UTP Cat. 3,4,5, up to 100m
	100BASE-TX: 2-pair UTP Cat. 5, up to 100m
	1000BASE-T: 4-pair STP Cat 5 up to 100m
	Fiber outio Cable
Network Cables	Fiber-optic Cable
Tomonic Gabies	1000BASE-SX:
	$50/125~\mu$ m or $62.5/125~\mu$ m multi-mode fiber cable, up to
	220/550m/2km.
	1000BASE-LX:
	9/125 $\mu$ m single-mode cable, providing long distance for
	10/20/40/80/120km (vary on SFP module)
Electrical and Mechanical	
Input Power	12~48VDC, Redundant Power (4-pin Terminal Block)
Power Consumption	8W Max
Protection	
Protection Power Input Overload	Automatic Resettable

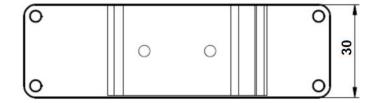


4-digit DIP switch	DIP	Function	Settings		
4-digit DIP SWITCH	SW 1	1.25G/10G	ON - 1.25G	OFF - 10.3G	
	SW 2	Reserved	ON - Reserved	OFF - Reserved	
1 2 3 4	SW 3	Reserved	ON - Reserved	OFF - Reserved	
unction	SW 4	Reserved	ON - Reserved	OFF - Reserved	
LED Indicators:	<b>'</b>	1		1	
PWR	Powe	er Status			
FX1	SFP	SFP Port-1			
FX2	SFP	Port-2			
L/A	TP L	INK/ACT			
Dimensions (WxDxH)	95 x	95 x 70 x 30 mm			
Weight	0.25	Kg			
Casing	Alum	ninum Case			
Mounting Options:	DIN-	Rail mount			
Regulatory Approvals					
ISO9001, CE, RoHS, FCC					
EN55022:2010+AC: 2011, Clas	ss A				
EN 61000-3-2: 2006+A1: 2009	+A2: 2009				
EN 61000-3-3: 2013					
EN55024:2010					
IEC 61000-4-2: 2008 (ESD)					
IEC 61000-4-3: 2010 (RS)					
IEC 61000-4-4: 2012 (EFT)					
IEC 61000-4-5: 2014 (Surge)					
IEC 61000-4-6: 2013 (CS)					
IEC 61000-4-8: 2009 (PFMF)					



#### **Dimensions** (Unit: mm)





## **Package List**

- -1 x Fiber media converter
- -1 x Rail Mounting Kit
- -1 x Wall Mount Kit
- -1 x Warranty Card

#### **Order Information**

Model Number	Description
DE 1000E0 I	Industrial 1G/10G SFP+ to SFP+ OEO Converter (3R Repeater) with 1G
DF-10GOEO-I	Ethernet Media Converter Function

#### TK-1392-3LCD10

## 10Gbps 1310nm 10KM SFP+ Optical Transceiver

#### **Features**

- Support data rate up to 11.3Gb/s
- ➤ Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint and Single LC Connector
- Up to 10km reach for G.652 SMF
- > 1310nm DFB laser and PIN receiver
- > Temperature Range:
- Commercial:0°C ~70°C
- Industrial: -40°C ~85°C
- Power consumption <1W</p>
- Compliant with SFP-8431
- Compliant with SFP-8432
- Compliant with SFP-8472
- Compliant with IEEE802.3ae
- RoHS 6 compliance
- Complies with EU Directive 2015/863/EU

# TK-1392-3LCD10

## **Applications**

- > 10GBASE-LR/LW
- ➤ OTU2/2e
- Other Optical Links

## **Product description**

This 1310nm DFB 10Gbps SFP+ transceiver is designed to transmit and receive optical data over single mode. optical fiber for link length 10km.

The SFP+ 10km module electrical interface is compliant to SFI electrical specifications. The transmitter input and receiver output impedance is 100 Ohms differential. Data lines are internally AC coupled. The module provides differential termination and reduce differential to common mode conversion for quality signal termination and low EMI.

## **Ordering Information**

Part No.	Data Rate(optical)	Laser	Fiber Type	Distance	Optical Interface	Temp	DDMI	Latch Color
ESP31X-10D	10.3125Gbps	DML	SMF	10km	LC	0~70°C	Y	Blue
ESP31X-10DI	10.3125Gbps	DML	SMF	10km	LC	-40~85°C	Y	Blue

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		4.7	V	
Storage Temperature	TS	-40		85	°C	
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	-5		70	°C	

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Supply Current	Icc			300	mA	
Transmitter						
Input differential impedance	Rin		100		Ω	1
Single ended data input swing	Vin,pp	180		700	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	VD	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	VEN	Vee		Vee+ 0.8	V	2
Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	
Receiver						
Differential data output swing	Vout,pp	300		850	mV	3
Data output rise time	tr	28			ps	4
Data output fall time	tf	28			ps	4
LOS Fault	VLOS fault	Vcc-1.3		VccHOST	V	5
LOS Normal	VLOS norm	Vee		Vee+0.8	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6

#### Notes:

- 1) Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter.
- 2) Or open circuit.
- 3) Into 100 ohms differential termination.
- 4) 20 80 %.
- 5) Loss Of Signal is LVTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
- 6) Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

## Optical Characteristics (T<sub>case</sub> = -5 to 70 °C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.
Transmitter						
Output Opt. Pwr	POUT	-6		-0.5	dBm	1

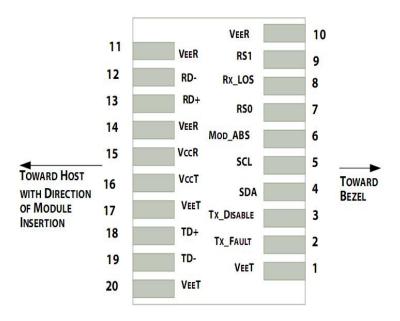


Optical Wavelength	λ	1260	1310	1355	nm	
Wavelength Temperature Dependance			0.08	0.125	nm/°C	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	σ			1	nm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Transmitter and Dispersion Peanlty	TDP			3.2	dB	
Optical Rise/Fall Time	tr/ tf		0.1	0.26	ns	
RIN	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Output Eye Mask		Complia	nt with IEEE	0802.3ae		
Receiver						
Rx Sensitivity	RSENS			-15	dBm	2
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	Psat	0.5			dBm	
Wavelength Range	λ <sub>C</sub>	1270		1610	nm	
LOS De -Assert	LOSD			-17	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5	1.0		dB	

#### Notes:

- 1) Class 1 Laser Safety per FDA/CDRH and IEC-825-1 regulations.
- 2) With worst-case extinction ratio. Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>31</sup>-1 test pattern, @10.325Gb/s, BER<10<sup>-12</sup>.

# **Pin Assignment**



Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board



Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T <sub>DIS</sub>	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V <sub>CCR</sub>	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

#### Notes:

- 1) Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2) T<sub>FAULT</sub> is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k 10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to Vcc + 0.3V.A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.</p>
- 3) Laser output disabled on  $T_{DIS} > 2.0V$  or open, enabled on  $T_{DIS} < 0.8V$ .
- 4) Should be pulled up with  $4.7k\Omega$   $10k\Omega$  host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD\_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 5) Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.
- 6) LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with  $4.7k\Omega 10k\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

## **Digital Diagnostic Functions**

TAKFLY TK-1392-3LCD10 transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA1.

The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, TAKFLY SFP+ transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts



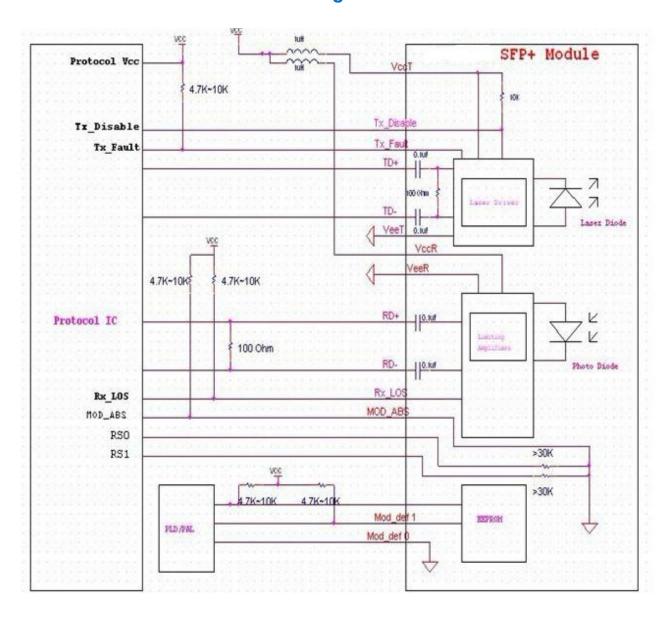
end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver.

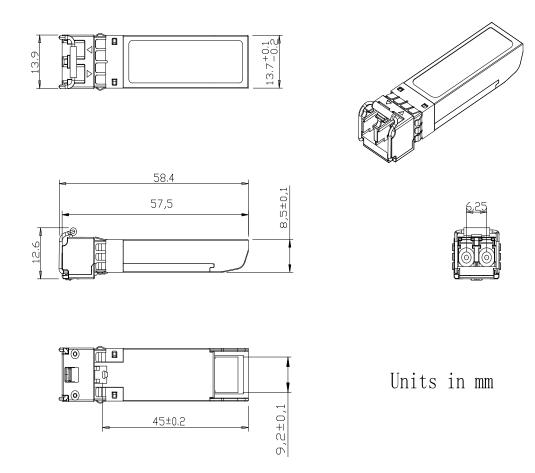
The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

### **Host - Transceiver Interface Block Diagram**



## **Outline Dimensions**

Comply to SFF-8432 rev. 5.0, the improved Pluggable form factor specification.



# **Regulatory Compliance**

Feature	Reference	Performance	
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards	
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards	
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product	
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards	
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards	
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards	

#### TK-8592-3LCD03

## 10Gbps 850nm 300M SFP+ Optical Transceiver

#### **Features**

- Optical interface compliant to IEEE 802.3ae
- Electrical interface compliant to SFF-8431
- Hot Pluggable
- > 850nm VCSEL transmitter, PIN photo-detector
- Maximum link length of 300m on 2000MHz/km MMF
- Operating case temperature: 0 to 70 °C
- Low power consumption
- Maximum link length of 300m on 2000MHz/km MMF
- All-metal housing for superior EMI performance
- Advanced firmware allow customer system encryption information to be stored in transceiver
- Cost effective SFP+ solution, enables higher port densities and greater bandwidth
- RoHS6 compliant (lead free)



TK-8592-3LCD03

## **Applications**

- > 10GBASE-SR at 10.3125Gbps
- > 10GBASE-SW at 9.953Gbps
- Other optical links

## **Product description**

This 850 nm VCSEL 10Gigabit SFP+ transceiver is designed to transmit and receive optical data over 50/125µm or 62.5/125µm multimode optical fiber (Table 1).

Fiber type	Minimum modal bandwidth @ 850 nm (MHz•km)	Operating range (meters)
62.5 µm MMF	160	2 to 26
	200	2 to 33
50 µm MMF	400	2 to 66
	500	2 to 82
	2000	2 to 300

Table 1: SFP+ SR Operating Range for each Optical Fiber Type



The SFP+ SR module electrical interface is compliant to SFI electrical specifications. The transmitter input and receiver output impedance is 100 Ohms differential. Data lines are internally AC coupled.

The module provides differential termination and reduce differential to common mode conversion for quality signal termination and low EMI. SFI typically operates over 200 mm of improved FR4 material or up to about 150mmof standard FR4 with one connector.

The transmitter converts 10Gbit/s serial PECL or CML electrical data into serial optical data compliant with the 10GBASE-SR standard. An open collector compatible Transmit Disable (Tx\_Dis) is provided. A logic "1," or no connection on this pin will disable the laser from transmitting. A logic "0" on this pin provides normal operation. The transmitter has an internal automatic power control loop (APC) to ensure constant optical power output across supply voltage and temperature variations. An open collector compatible Transmit Fault (TFault) is provided. TX\_Fault is a module output contact that when high, indicates that the module transmitter has detected a fault condition related to laser operation or safety. The TX\_Fault output contact is an open drain/collector and shall be pulled up to the Vcc\_Host in the host with a resistor in the range 4.7-10 k $\Omega$ . TX\_Disable is a module input contact. When TX\_Disable is asserted high or left open, the SFP+ module transmitter output shall be turned off. This contact shall be pulled up to VccT with a 4.7 k $\Omega$  to 10 k $\Omega$  resistor

The receiver converts 10Gbit/s serial optical data into serial PECL/CML electrical data. An open collector compatible Loss of Signal is provided. Rx\_LOS when high indicates an optical signal level below that specified in the relevant standard. The Rx\_LOS contact is an open drain/collector output and shall be pulled up to Vcc\_Host in the host with a resistor in the range 4.7-10 k $\Omega$ , or with an active termination. Power supply filtering is recommended for both the transmitter and receiver. The Rx\_LOS signal is intended as a preliminary indication to the system in which the SFP+ is installed that the received signal strength is below the specified range. Such an indication typically points to non-installed cables, broken cables, or a disabled, failing or a powered off transmitter at the far end of the cable.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		4.7	V	
Storage Temperature	TS	-40		85	°C	
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	-5		70	°C	

#### Electrical Characteristics (Tcase = -5 to 70°C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Supply Current	Icc			250	mA	
Transmitter						
Input differential impedance	Rin		100		Ω	1
Single ended data input swing	Vin,pp	180		700	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	VD	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	VEN	Vee		Vee+ 0.8	V	2
Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	



Receiver						
Differential data output swing	Vout,pp	300		850	mV	3
Data output rise time	tr	28			ps	4
Data output fall time	tf	28			ps	4
LOS Fault	VLOS fault	Vcc-1.3		VccHOST	V	5
LOS Normal	VLOS norm	Vee		Vee+0.8	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6

#### Notes:

- 1) Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter.
- 2) Or open circuit.
- 3) Into 100 ohms differential termination.
- 4) These are unfiltered 20-80% values
- 5) Loss Of Signal is LVTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
- 6) Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

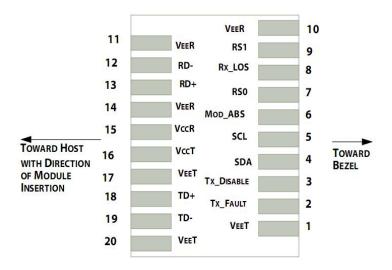
## Optical Characteristics (T<sub>case</sub> = -5 to 70°C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46 Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.	
Transmitter							
Output Opt. Pwr	POUT	-6		-1	dBm	1	
Optical Wavelength	λ	840	850	860	nm		
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.0			dB		
RIN	RIN			-128	dB/Hz		
Output Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE 0802.3ae						
Receiver							
Rx Sensitivity	RSENS			-10	dBm	2	
Input Saturation Power (Overload)	Psat	0.5			dBm		
Wavelength Range	λ <sub>C</sub>	770	850	860	nm		
LOS De -Assert	LOSD			-14	dBm		
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm		
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB		

#### Notes:

- 1) Class 1 Laser Safety per FDA/CDRH and IEC-825-1 regulations.
- 2) With worst-case extinction ratio. Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>31</sup>-1 test pattern, @10.325Gb/s, BER<10<sup>-12</sup>.

# **Pin Descriptions**



Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T <sub>FAULT</sub>	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	T <sub>DIS</sub>	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V <sub>CCR</sub>	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

#### Notes:

1) Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.



- 2)  $T_{FAULT}$  is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k $\Omega$  10 k $\Omega$  resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to Vcc + 0.3V.A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
- 3) Laser output disabled on  $T_{DIS} > 2.0V$  or open, enabled on  $T_{DIS} < 0.8V$ .
- 4) Should be pulled up with  $4.7k\Omega$   $10k\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD\_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 5) Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.
- 6) LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with  $4.7k\Omega 10k\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

#### **Digital Diagnostic Functions**

TAKFLY TK-8592-3LD03 transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA1.

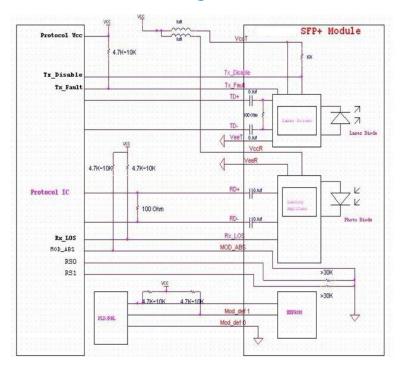
The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, TAKFLY SFP+ transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

The SFP MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

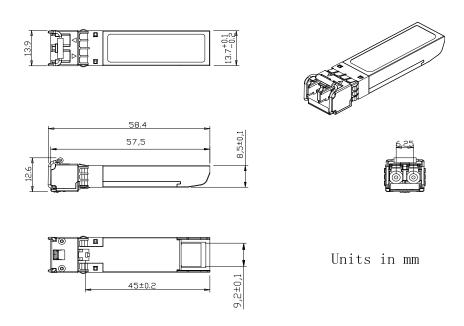
The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

# **Host - Transceiver Interface Block Diagram**



#### **Outline Dimensions**

Comply to SFF-8432 rev5.0, the improved Pluggable form factor specification.





# **Regulatory Compliance**

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards